# **APPENDIX 6:** *THE COUNTRY WIFE*

Sources: Salgādo (1968a); http://quod.lib.umich.edu/e/eebodemo/ALJ0561.0001.001/1:4.1?rgn=div2;view=fulltext (accessed on 09 August 2016) Page numbers refer to Salgādo's (1968a) edition. Following Salgādo's (1968a) edition, the spelling has been modernised. Only the first two acts have been examined. Word count: approx. 10,083 words (based on http://quod.lib.umich.edu/e/eebodemo/ALJ0561.0001.001/1:4.2?rgn=div2;view=fulltext, accessed on 11 August 2016)

# HAVE-PERFECTS WITH TRANSITIVES

(incl. prepositional objects, implied/unexpressed objects, and copula and auxiliary be)

- Poets, like cudgelled bullies, never do At first or second blow submit to you; But will provoke you still, and ne'er have done, Till you are weary first with laying on. [Prologue, p.149]
- 2. But though our Bayes's battles oft I've fought, And with bruised knuckles their dear conquests **bought** [Prologue, p. 149]
- 3. Well, my dear Doctor, hast thou done what I desired? [I.i, p. 153]
- 4. I have undone you forever with the women, and reported you throughout the whole
- 5. town [...] as a eunuch, with as much trouble as if I **had made** you one in earnest. [I.i, p. 153]
- 6. But have you told all the midwives you know [...] [I.i, p. 153]
- 7. I have told all the chambermaids, waiting women, tire-women [...] [I.i, p. 153]
- 8. an English-French chirurgeon, who **has given** me at once not only a cure but an antidote [...] [I.i, p. 153]
- 9. Your late journey into France has made it the more credible [I.i, p. 154]
- 10. I have taken my eternal leave, sir, of the sex already, sir. [I.i, p. 155]
- 11. I have brought over not so much as a bawdy picture [I.i, p. 155]
- 12. Now I think, I, or you yourself rather, **have done** your business with the women. [I.i, p. 157]
- 13. your appearance at the play yesterday **has**, I hope, **hardened** you for the future [I.i, p. 158]
- 14. I have left at Whitehall an earl to dine with you [I.i, p. 162]
- 15. I thought thou **hadst loved** a man [I.i, p. 162]

- 16. I thought to have concealed it from him at least [I.i, p. 163]
- 17. Why, I have married no London wife. [I.i, p. 163]
- 18. Come, come, I have known a clap gotten in Wales [I.i, p. 164]
- 19. He's come newly to town it seems, and **has** not **heard** how things are with him. [I.i, p. 165]
- 20. But tell me, has marriage cured thee of whoring [I.i, p. 165]
- 21. Nay, I have known 'em [I.i, p. 165]
- 22. Hell and damnation, I'm undone, since Horner has seen her [I.i, p. 166]
- 23. Who has nangered thee? [II.i, p. 169]
- 24. What lampoon has made my name notorious? [II.i, p. 169]
- 25. The fool **has forbid** me discovering to her the pleasures of the town, and he is now setting her agog upon them himself. [II.i, p. 170]
- 26. for he would but ruin you, as he has done hundreds [II.i, p. 171]
- 27. Thou hast stared upon her enough to resolve me. [II.i, p. 172]
- 28. Sir, Master Sparkish **has** often **told** me that his acquaintance were all wits and railleurs ['banterers'] [II.i, p. 172]
- 29. and till now I never thought I **should have envied** you or any man about to marry [II.i, p. 172]
- 30. now you have put a scruple in my head [II.i, p. 174]
- 31. Madam, you would not have been so little generous as to have told him. [II.i. p. 175]
- 32. I will not see Sir Jasper here till I **have waited** upon him at home; nor shall my 33. wife see you till she **has waited** upon your ladyship at your lodgings. [II.i, p. 177]
- 34. She has locked the door and is gone abroad. [II.i, p. 177]
- 35. No, you have locked the door, and she's within. [II.i, p. 177]
- 36. No, no, we have all had 'em. [II.i, p. 177]
- 37. I have known men admired, courted, and followed for their titles only. [II.i, p. 178]

- 38. to report a man has had a person, when he has not had a person, is the greatest wrong
- 39. in the whole world that can be done to a person. [II.i, p. 179]
- 40. for when you **have lost** your money to a man, you'll lose anything you have [II.i, p. 183]
- 41. I have provided an innocent playfellow for you there. [II.i, p. 183]
- 42. I **have given** you security already to save you harmless, my late reputation being so well known in the world, madam. [II.i, p. 184]
- 43. Come, is your ladyship reconciled to him yet? **Have** you **agreed** on matters? For I must be gone to Whitehall. [II.i, p. 184]
- 44. and I would as soon have lain with him, as have named him. [II.i, p. 185]
- 45. Well, I have been hired by young gallants [I.i, p. 154]
- 46. and so my disaster, sir, has been my good fortune, sir [I.i, p. 155]
- 47. Who, by his breeding, would think he had ever been in France? [I.i, p. 155]
- 48. and has been there a fortnight [I.i, p. 161]
- 49. know what her keeping has been [I.i, p. 164]
- 50. What dost thou blush at nine and forty, for **having been** seen with a wench? [I.i, p. 166]
- 51. Madam, you would not have been so little generous as to have told him. [II.i. p. 175]
- 52. besides he has been making love to me. [II.i, p. 175]

# AMBIGUOUS HAVE-PERFECT

1. Who for his business from his wife will run, Takes the best care, to **have** her business **done**. [II.i, p. 185]

# HAVE-PERFECTS WITH INTRANSITIVES

- 1. PINCHWIFE: I have dined already. HORNER: Come, I know thou hast not. [I.i, p. 166]
- 2. but I would have ventured for all that. [II.i, p. 168]
- 3. I've gone too far, and slipped before I was aware [II.i, p. 171]
- 4. and I would as soon have lain with him, as have named him. [II.i, p. 185]

# MODAL AND CAUSATIVE HAVE

- 1. and he had better employ her, than let her employ herself [I.i, p. 156]
- 2. Well, I see one **had** as good **go** to law without a witness, as break a jest without a laughter on one's side. [I.i, p. 162]
- SIR JASPER: Well, well, in short I have business at Whitehall, and cannot go to the play with you, therefore would have you go LADY FIDGET: With those two to a play? [II.i, p. 180]
- 4. So, so, why, 'tis as I'd have it. [II.i, p. 185]
- 5. And as I'd **have** it. [II.i, p. 185]

# **<u>BE-PERFECTS WITH MUTATIVE INTRANSITIVES</u>**

- 1. LADY FIDGET: Pray, Sir Jasper, let us be gone from this rude fellow. [I.i, p. 155]
- 2. But pray, let's be gone. [I.i, p. 155]
- 3. Why do we stay? Let's **be gone**; I can't indure the sight of him. [I.i, 156]
- 4. I can be sure she that shews an aversion to me loves the sport, as those women that **are gone**, whom I warrant to be right [I.i, p. 157]
- 5. Harcourt, let's be gone to the new play. —Come, madam. [II.i, p. 176]
- 6. We are come to wait upon her to the new play. [II.i, p. 177]
- 7. She has locked the door and is gone abroad. [II.i, p. 177]
- 8. Do not be frightened; but pray, be gone ladies. [II.i, p. 177]
- 9. Fie, fie upon 'em! They **are come** to think cross breeding for themselves best, as well as for their dogs and horses. [II.i, p. 178]
- 10. So the little fellow is grown a private person with her. [II.i, p. 179]
- 11. and it **is come** to that pass, we dare not take your words, no more than your tailor's, without some staid servant of yours be bound with you [II.i, p. 184]
- 12. Come, is your ladyship reconciled to him yet? Have you agreed on matters? For I must **be gone** to Whitehall. [II.i, p. 184]

#### **PROGRESSIVES**

- 1. Horner's coming to carry you away. [I.i, p. 153]
- 2. I was discoursing and rallying with some ladies yesterday [I.i, p. 161]
- 3. But were you not talking of plays and players when I came in? [II.i, p. 170]

- 4. The fool has forbid me discovering to her the pleasures of the town, and he is now setting her agog upon them himself. [II.i, p. 170]
- 5. besides he has been making love to me. [II.i, p. 175]

# MODAL BE

- 1. Shy husbands and keepers like old rooks ['swindlers'] **are not to be** cheated, but by a new unpractised trick [I.i, p. 154]
- 2. Well, but **am I to give** thee joy [I.i, p. 163]
- 3. Why, the next thing that **is to be** heard is, thou'rt a cuckold. [I.i, p. 163]
- 4. Do not teach my wife where the men **are to be** found. [II.i, p. 169]
- 5. This is one of those, my pretty rogue, that **are to dance** at your wedding tomorrow [II.i, p. 172]

# PASSIVES

- 1. I am only afraid 'twill not be believed. [I.i, p. 153]
- 2. Well, I have been hired by young gallants [I.i, p. 154]
- 3. but you are the first would be thought a man unfit for women [I.i, p. 154]
- 4. Dear Mr. Doctor, let vain rogues be contented only to **be thought** abler men than they are. [I.i, p. 154]
- 5. a good name is seldom got by giving it oneself, and women no more than
- 6. honour **are compassed** by bragging. [I.i, p. 154]
- 7. Shy husbands and keepers like old rooks [swindlers] are not to be cheated [I.i, p. 154]
- 8. Some unbelieving sisters of my former acquaintance, who I am afraid expect their sense **should be satisfied** of the falsity of the report. [I.i, p. 154]
- 9. Won't you be acquainted with her, sir? [I.i, p. 155]
- 10. a woman **is hated** by 'em as much for loving her husband as for loving their money [I.i, p. 155]
- 11. Business must be preferred always before love and ceremony [I.i, p. 156]
- 12. wife, who before would not be acquainted with me out of jealousy [I.i, p. 157]
- 13. First, I shall be rid of all my old acquaintances [I.i, p. 157]

- 14. and of all old debts, love, when it comes to be so, **is paid** the most unwillingly [I.i, p. 157]
- 15. and be seen in a lady's chamber [I.i, p. 158]
- 16. but all that deal with common women should be served so [I.i, p. 158]
- 17. old *beaux garçons*, who, like superannuated stallions, **are suffered** to run, feed, and whinny with the mares [I.i, p. 159]
- 18. as a false jewel amongst true ones is not discerned at a distance [I.i, p. 160]
- 19. Nay, they are used like rooks too, snubbed, checked and abused [I.i, p. 160]
- 20. we are your friends, and will not take it ill to be left, I do assure you. [I.i, p. 162]
- 21. Why, the next thing that is to be heard is, thou'rt a cuckold. [I.i, p. 163]
- 22. to go and be cheated by a friend in the country [I.i, p. 163]
- 23. Then methinks you should bring her, to be taught breeding. [I.i, p. 164]
- 24. To be taught? [I.i, p. 164]
- 25. I sate there that she might not be seen [I.i, p. 166]
- 26. What dost thou blush at nine and forty, for having **been seen** with a wench? [I.i, p. 166]
- 27. for men are now more ashamed to be seen with them in public [I.i, p. 166]
- 28. Do not teach my wife where the men are to **be found**. [II.i, p. 169]
- 29. I think that was prettily said of me, ha, Harcourt? [II.i, p. 173]
- 30. The writings are drawn, sir, settlements made [II.i, p. 174]
- 31. and you would be thought in necessity for a cloak [II.i, p. 175]
- 32. made love to me only to be satisfied of my virtue, for your sake [II.i, p. 176]
- 33. if I sate in the box, I should be thought no judge [II.i, p. 177]
- 34. 'Tis an errant shame women of quality should be so slighted [II.i, p. 178]
- 35. that we should be only wronged by 'em [II.i, p. 179]
- 36. to report a man has had a person, when he has not had a person, is the greatest wrong in the whole world that **can be done** to a person. [II.i, p. 179]

- 37. Well, 'tis an arrant shame noble persons **should be** so **wronged** and **neglected**. [II.i, p. 179]
- 38. and the crime's the less when 'tis not known. [II.i, p. 179]
- 39. I will not be seen in women's company in public again for the world. [II.i, p. 180]
- 40. 'Tis a greater shame amongst lewd fellows to be seen in virtuous women's
- 41. company than for the women to **be seen** with them. [II.i, p. 181]
- 42. we would not be troubled with you [II.i, p. 181]
- 43. 'Tis strange a man can't come amongst virtuous women now but upon the same terms as men **are admitted** into the Great Turk's Seraglio. [II.i, p. 181]
- 44. lest sometimes you should be forced to stay at home [II.i, p. 182]
- 45. And so go to her, begin thy new employment. Wheedle her, jest with her, and **be** better **acquainted** one with another. [II.i, p. 183]
- 46. to cause yourself to be reported no man [II.i, p. 184]
- 47. I desire to **be tried** only, madam. [II.i, p. 184]
- 48. Well, that's spoken again like a man of honour [II.i, p. 184]
- 49. If I did, nobody would believe me. The reputation of impotency is as hardly **recovered** again in the world as that of cowardice, dear madam. [II.i, p. 184]
- 50. Come, **is** your ladyship **reconciled** to him yet? Have you agreed on matters? For I must be gone to Whitehall. [II.i, p. 184]

#### AMBIGUITY BETWEEN PASSIVE AND STATIVE

- 1. Dear Mr. Doctor, let vain rogues **be contented** only to be thought abler men than they are. [I.i, p. 154]
- 2. the Council **will be sate**, I must away [I.i, p. 156]
- 3. Nay, by this means you **may be** the more **acquainted** with the husbands, but the less with the wives. [I.i, p. 157]
- 4. And next to the pleasure of making a new mistress is that of **being rid** of an old one [I.i, p. 157]
- 5. Well, you **may be** so **rid** of your old acquaintances, but how will you get any new ones? [I.i, p. 157]
- 6. 'tis a very hard thing to be rid of him [I.i, p. 160]

- 7. We will be bound in ten thousand pound bond [I.i, p. 161]
- 8. I heard thou wert married [I.i, p. 163]
- 9. Hell and damnation, I'm undone, since Horner has seen her [I.i, p. 166]
- 10. I'm satisfied you are of the society of the wits and railleurs ['banterers'] [II.i, p. 173]
- 11. and are cuckolds before they're married [II.i, p. 177]
- 12. since wives are so neglected [II.i, p. 178]
- 13. as if we were all married to 'em [II.i, p. 178]
- 14. and it is come to that pass, we dare not take your words, no more than your tailor's, without some staid servant of yours **be bound** with you [II.i, p. 184]
- 15. I have given you security already to save you harmless, my late reputation **being** so well **known** in the world, madam. [II.i, p. 184]

### AMBIGUITY BETWEEN BE-PERFECT AND PASSIVE OR STATIVE

 Hold, do not rail at him, for since he is like ['likely'?] to be my husband, I am resolved to like him. Nay, I think I am obliged to tell him you are not his friend. [II.i, p. 175]

# MISSING AUXILIARY

- 1. for you look upon a friend married as one **gone** into a monastery, that is, dead to the world [II.i, p. 173]
- 2. my wife has just now the smallpox come out upon her [II.i, p. 177]

# 'S CONTRACTION

- 1. the vizard-masks ['prostitutes'], you know, never pitty a man when all's gone [I.i, p. 158]
- 2. He's come newly to town it seems, and has not heard how things are with him. [I.i, p. 165]